MRI for Diagnosis of Osteoarthritis: Clinical Evidence and Guidelines
Authors: Charlotte Wells, Kaitryn Campbell


Acknowledgments:

Disclaimer: The information in this document is intended to help Canadian health care decision-makers, health care professionals, health systems leaders, and policy-makers make well-informed decisions and thereby improve the quality of health care services. While patients and others may access this document, the document is made available for informational purposes only and no representations or warranties are made with respect to its fitness for any particular purpose. The information in this document should not be used as a substitute for professional medical advice or as a substitute for the application of clinical judgment in respect of the care of a particular patient or other professional judgment in any decision-making process. The Canadian Agency for Drugs and Technologies in Health (CADTH) does not endorse any information, drugs, therapies, treatments, products, processes, or services.

While care has been taken to ensure that the information prepared by CADTH in this document is accurate, complete, and up-to-date as at the applicable date the material was first published by CADTH, CADTH does not make any guarantees to that effect. CADTH does not guarantee and is not responsible for the quality, currency, propriety, accuracy, or reasonableness of any statements, information, or conclusions contained in any third-party materials used in preparing this document. The views and opinions of third parties published in this document do not necessarily state or reflect those of CADTH.

CADTH is not responsible for any errors, omissions, injury, loss, or damage arising from or relating to the use (or misuse) of any information, statements, or conclusions contained in or implied by the contents of this document or any of the source materials.

This document may contain links to third-party websites. CADTH does not have control over the content of such sites. Use of third-party sites is governed by the third-party website owners’ own terms and conditions set out for such sites. CADTH does not make any guarantee with respect to any information contained on such third-party sites and CADTH is not responsible for any injury, loss, or damage suffered as a result of using such third-party sites. CADTH has no responsibility for the collection, use, and disclosure of personal information by third-party sites.

Subject to the aforementioned limitations, the views expressed herein are those of CADTH and do not necessarily represent the views of Canada’s federal, provincial, or territorial governments or any third party supplier of information.

This document is prepared and intended for use in the context of the Canadian health care system. The use of this document outside of Canada is done so at the user’s own risk.

This disclaimer and any questions or matters of any nature arising from or relating to the content or use (or misuse) of this document will be governed by and interpreted in accordance with the laws of the Province of Ontario and the laws of Canada applicable therein, and all proceedings shall be subject to the exclusive jurisdiction of the courts of the Province of Ontario, Canada.

The copyright and other intellectual property rights in this document are owned by CADTH and its licensors. These rights are protected by the Canadian Copyright Act and other national and international laws and agreements. Users are permitted to make copies of this document for non-commercial purposes only, provided it is not modified when reproduced and appropriate credit is given to CADTH and its licensors.

About CADTH: CADTH is an independent, not-for-profit organization responsible for providing Canada’s health care decision-makers with objective evidence to help make informed decisions about the optimal use of drugs, medical devices, diagnostics, and procedures in our health care system.

Funding: CADTH receives funding from Canada’s federal, provincial, and territorial governments, with the exception of Quebec.
Research Questions

1. What is the clinical effectiveness of MRI for the diagnosis of osteoarthritis?
2. What are the evidence-based guidelines for the diagnosis of osteoarthritis?

Key Findings

Two systematic reviews, five non-randomized studies, and three evidence-based guidelines were identified regarding the clinical effectiveness of MRI for the diagnosis of osteoarthritis.

Methods

A limited literature search was conducted on key resources including PubMed, The Cochrane Library, Canadian and major international health technology agencies, as well as a focused Internet search. Methodological filters were applied to limit retrieval to health technology assessments, systematic reviews, meta-analyses, randomized controlled trials, non-randomized studies, and guidelines. Where possible, retrieval was limited to the human population. The search was also limited to English language documents published between January 1, 2012 and February 27, 2018.

Selection Criteria

One reviewer screened citations and selected studies based on the inclusion criteria presented in Table 1.

Table 1: Selection Criteria

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Population</th>
<th>Patients with suspected or X-ray confirmed osteoarthritis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Intervention</td>
<td>Magnetic resonance imaging (MRI)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Comparator</td>
<td>X-ray</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>No MRI (for X-ray confirmed cases)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Outcomes</td>
<td>Diagnostic accuracy (e.g. sensitivity, specificity), clinical utility, evidence-based guidelines</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Study Designs</td>
<td>Health technology assessments, systematic reviews, meta-analyses, randomized controlled trials, non-randomized studies, evidence-based guidelines</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Results

Rapid Response reports are organized so that the higher quality evidence is presented first. Therefore, health technology assessment reports, systematic reviews, and meta-analyses are presented first. These are followed by randomized controlled trials, non-randomized studies, and evidence-based guidelines.

Two systematic reviews, five non-randomized studies, and three evidence-based guidelines were identified regarding the clinical effectiveness of MRI for the diagnosis of osteoarthritis. No health technology assessments or randomized controlled trials were identified.

Additional references of potential interest are provided in the appendix.

Health Technology Assessments

No literature identified.

Systematic Reviews and Meta-analyses


Randomized Controlled Trials

No literature identified.

Non-Randomized Studies


Guidelines and Recommendations


Appendix — Further Information

Non-Randomized Studies

Unknown Reference Standard
PubMed: PM23468572

Alternative Comparator
PubMed: PM25230054

Review Articles
PubMed: PM27621214

PubMed: PM27755179

PubMed: PM27742017

PubMed: PM27510507

PubMed: PM25278061

PubMed: PM25278069

PubMed: PM23719076


Additional References