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Privately Operated Medical Imaging Facilities Across Canada



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Key Messages

- There are at least 85 privately operated facilities in Canada that accept private payment for advanced medical imaging exams (i.e., CT, MRI, single-photon emission computed tomography [SPECT], SPECT and CT [SPECT-CT], and/or positron emission tomography [PET] and CT [PET-CT]).
- Quebec has the highest number of private facilities that offer advanced medical imaging exams among provinces, followed by Alberta, British Columbia, and Ontario.
- Most private imaging facilities operate in or near census metropolitan areas.
- More than half of private imaging facilities operate as part of chain ownerships, and further growth in chain ownership is under way.
- Although less than 10% of all CT and MRI exams are delivered in the private setting, they are the most commonly performed type of privately delivered advanced medical imaging exams.

Context

Since the early 2000s, an increase in privately owned imaging facilities has been noted in Canada.¹⁻⁵ Less than 10% of MRI and CT services were delivered in privately owned imaging facilities in 2018,⁶ but this may change across all imaging modalities with the planned expansion of private services and chain ownerships and the increase in the acquisition of private facilities by investment firms across Canada.⁵⁻⁸

There is limited information regarding the activities and capacity of privately operated medical imaging facilities in Canada. Data related to privately operated facilities are needed to build a complete and comprehensive picture of advanced medical imaging capacity across the country.

Objective

This report summarizes information on the number and location of privately operated imaging facilities across Canada. The objective of this report is to determine the number and geographic distribution of privately operated medical imaging facilities accepting private payment for advanced medical imaging services, specifically CT, MRI, SPECT, SPECT-CT, and PET-CT. A secondary objective is to identify the number of private medical imaging facilities operating as part of chain ownerships.

Methods

Information on the number of privately owned medical imaging facilities operating advanced imaging equipment was collected for each province (no private imaging facilities operate in the territories^{9,10}). Three primary sources of information were used, including data from previous Canadian Medical Imaging Inventory (CMII) surveys on private imaging,^{9,10} a web-based directory of Canadian private imaging facilities,¹¹ as well as data sources identified through a Google search. In the few instances when information conflicted



between the 3 sources, data from the websites of private imaging facilities were followed because it was assumed to be more up-to-date.

To assess the geographic distribution of privately operated facilities, their location was checked against Statistics Canada's definition of a census metropolitan area (CMA). A CMA is an area that has a total population of at least 100,000, with 50,000 people or more living within its core.¹² Adjacent municipalities must also have a "high degree of integration with the core."¹² Chain ownership of private imaging facilities was also noted when an identified facility operated under the same business name and used the same website domain with at least 1 other medical imaging facility in Canada.

For the purposes of this report, private imaging exams refer to exams billed to payment sources other than provincial health insurance plans (e.g., private insurance, worker compensation boards, or out-of-pocket payments). The term *facilities* used in this report refers to privately operated medical imaging facilities that accept private payment.

Results

The search identified 85 facilities that offer private MRI, CT, SPECT, SPECT-CT, and PET-CT exams in Canada. Quebec appears to have the most private facilities with 31 of the 85 (36%), followed by Alberta with 18 (21%), British Columbia with 15 (18%), Ontario with 14 (16%), and Saskatchewan with 5 (6%) facilities. In the Atlantic region, there are 2 facilities: 1 in Nova Scotia (1%) and another in New Brunswick (1%).

MRI is the most accessible advanced imaging modality in private facilities across Canada, with 66 (78%) out of the 85 facilities performing these exams, followed by 27 (32%) facilities performing CT exams, 12 (14%) facilities performing SPECT exams, 9 (11%) facilities performing SPECT-CT exams, and 6 (7%) facilities performing PET-CT exams. A summary of provincial private imaging facilities with advanced medical imaging equipment by modality type is presented in <u>Table 1</u>. In many instances, as is the case in the public sector, a single private facility may operate more than 1 type of imaging modality, such as MRI and CT.

Fifty-five (65%) of the 85 facilities are located in CMAs. Most of the facilities located outside of CMAs are within approximately 100 km from a CMA (Figure 1). There are currently no private facilities operating in Manitoba, Newfoundland and Labrador, Prince Edward Island, and the Territories.^{9,10} Fifty-four (64%) of the 85 facilities operate as part of chain ownerships.



		Facilities ^a offering imaging exams by modality type, n					
Province or territory	Total facilities,ª n	СТ	MRI	PET-CT	SPECT	SPECT-CT	
Alberta	18	6	8	0	7	8	
British Columbia	15	4	14	1	0	0	
Manitoba	0	0	0	0	0	0	
New Brunswick	1	0	1	0	0	0	
Newfoundland and Labrador	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Northwest Territories	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Nova Scotia	1	0	1	0	0	0	
Nunavut	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Ontario	14	4	9	3	5	1	
Prince Edward Island	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Quebec	31	12	29	2	0	0	
Saskatchewan	5	2	4	0	0	0	
Yukon	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Canada	85	27	66	6	12	9	

Table 1: Number of Private Facilities With Advanced Medical Imaging Services Across Canada

^aFacilities refers to privately operated medical imaging facilities that accept private payment.

Alberta

There are at least 18 private imaging facilities operating in Alberta. Of the 18 facilities identified, 8 (44%) provide MRI exams, 6 (33%) provide CT exams, 7 (39%) provide SPECT exams, and 8 (44%) provide SPECT-CT exams. Fifteen of the 18 (83%) private facilities are in Alberta's most populated metropolitan areas: Edmonton, Calgary, Lethbridge, and Red Deer,¹⁴ which are CMAs.¹⁴ Two additional facilities operate in urban areas adjacent to Edmonton, Spruce Grove, and Sherwood Park, and 1 facility is in Fort McMurray in northeast Alberta. Of these 18 private facilities, 17 operate as part of chain ownerships.

British Columbia

There are at least 15 private imaging facilities operating in British Columbia. Fourteen of the 15 (93%) facilities identified provide MRI exams, 4 (27%) facilities provide CT exams, and 1 (7%) facility provides PET-CT exams. Of the 15 facilities, 8 (53%) operate in CMAs: 4 in Vancouver, 1 in Kamloops, 1 in Kelowna, 1 in Victoria, and 1 in Nanaimo.¹⁴ The remaining 7 facilities are not in CMAs; 2 operate in Surrey and there is 1 facility in each of the following 5 locations: Burnaby, Coquitlam, Dawson Creek, North Vancouver, and Richmond. Five of the 15 private facilities operate as part of chain ownerships.





Figure 1: Locations of Private Facilities Across Provinces and Territories With Advanced Medical Imaging Services

Note: This map was created using 2021 census cartographic files from Statistics Canada.¹³

Saskatchewan

There are at least 5 private imaging facilities in Saskatchewan. All 5 facilities identified provide MRI exams, and 2 (40%) facilities provide CT exams. Two (40%) facilities are located in Saskatoon and 3 (60%) are in Regina, both cities are CMAs.¹⁴ Four of the 5 private facilities operate as part of 2 chain ownerships.

Ontario

There are at least 14 private imaging facilities in Ontario. Of the 14 facilities identified, 9 (64%) provide MRI exams, 4 (29%) provide CT exams, 5 (36%) provide SPECT exams, 1 (7%) provides SPECT-CT exams, and 3 (21%) provide PET-CT exams. One private facility is located within a publicly operated hospital in a CMA.⁹ Eleven (79%) facilities are in the greater Toronto area, including 2 in the Toronto CMA. The remaining 3 private facilities are in the CMAs of Windsor, Kitchener, and Kingston.¹⁴ Nine of the 14 private facilities operate as part of chain ownerships.

In early 2023, Ontario announced a plan to expand diagnostic and surgical procedures to private facilities and introduce legislation to allow private facilities to conduct more CT and MRI scans.⁸ This may prompt an increase in the number of privately operated facilities in Ontario. A company with many facilities across North America plans to open a location in Toronto in 2023.¹⁵



Quebec

There are at least 31 private imaging facilities in Quebec. Among the 31 private facilities identified, all provide MRI exams, 12 (39%) provide CT exams, and 2 (6%) provide PET-CT exams. The Montreal CMA has the largest proportion of Quebec's private facilities with 13 (42%) of the 31 facilities.¹⁴ Another 7 of the 31 facilities are also in CMAs, specifically 4 (13%) in Quebec City, 2 (6%) in Gatineau, and 1 (3%) in Le Saguenay.¹⁴ The remaining 11 (35%) facilities are in areas not considered a CMA by Statistics Canada.¹⁴ Of the 11 facilities, 4 are in Laval, 3 in Longueuil, and there are 1 each in Roussillon, Francheville, Les Moulins, and Sainte-Thérèse. Nineteen of the 31 private facilities operate as part of chain ownerships.

New Brunswick

At least 1 private imaging facility offers MRI services in Moncton, an area considered to be a CMA.¹⁴ No other advanced imaging modalities operating in the private setting were identified in this province.

Nova Scotia

At least 1 private facility offers MRI services in Halifax, an area considered to be a CMA.¹⁴ No other advanced imaging modalities operating in the private setting were identified in this province.

Limitations

Information on private imaging facilities was consolidated from information available on the websites of private imaging facilities and from previous CMII surveys. The most recent CMII survey was completed in 2020; therefore, some of the data collected for this report may be out of date.

For many private facility websites, "nuclear medicine exams" were reported as available but the specific imaging modality was not specified. Nuclear medicine is inclusive of planar scintigraphy in addition to SPECT, SPECT-CT, and PET-CT.¹⁶ Given the cost of PET-CT equipment, and its relative obscurity to other nuclear imaging modalities, it was assumed that if it was not specifically mentioned on the websites of private imaging facilities then it was not available.^{17,18} Similarly, SPECT and SPECT-CT were only considered if the facility website explicitly stated availability or if the CMII database indicated their presence at the facility.

The actual number of imaging equipment at each facility was not readily available from most websites. For example, if a facility reported MRI availability, it was assumed that there was 1 MRI unit rather than multiple units.

This report considered facilities that offer MRI, CT, SPECT, SPECT-CT, and/or PET-CT. Facilities that solely offered medical imaging exams that were outside the scope of this report, such as X-ray or ultrasound, were not considered for inclusion.



Conclusion

There are at least 85 advanced medical imaging facilities that accept payment from private sources in Canada. MRI exams are the most commonly performed advanced medical imaging service at these facilities followed by CT. Exams conducted with SPECT, SPECT-CT, and PET-CT are less commonly performed in private facilities in Canada. Among the provinces, Quebec, followed by Alberta, British Columbia, and Ontario, operates most of Canada's facilities that accept private payment. No record of such facilities in Manitoba, Newfoundland and Labrador, Prince Edward Island, and the Territories were identified.

The private imaging landscape is anticipated to change in Canada as the use of private services, investment firm ownership (those financed by private equity), and independent for-profit chain ownership continues to increase.



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