

PROVINCIAL FUNDING SUMMARY

Bevacizumab (Avastin) for Cervical Cancer (pCODR 10045)

pERC Recommendation: Recommends with conditions

For further details, please see [pERC Final Recommendation](#)

Notification to Implement Issued by pCODR: April 8, 2015

This information is current as of December 3, 2018.

Note: Funding criteria as listed on the decision date. Please refer to the provincial drug programs for the most recent funding criteria and program eligibility.

PROVINCE	STATUS	FUNDING DATE	FUNDING CRITERIA
BC	Funded	Apr 1, 2014	For non-small cell cancer of the cervix (squamous); recurrent or IVb <i>ab initio</i>
AB	Funded	Dec 18, 2015	Bevacizumab in combination with carboplatin and a taxane in the front line treatment of patients with advanced stage "high risk for progression" epithelial ovarian cancer, primary peritoneal cancer, or fallopian tube cancer that has good performance status. (High risk for progression defined as Stage III with > 1 cm of residual disease, Stage III unresectable or Stage IV). Dosing limited to 7.5 mg/kg.
SK	Funded	Dec 28, 2015	In combination with platinum and Paclitaxel for the treatment of patients with metastatic (Stage IVb), persistent, or recurrent carcinoma of the cervix of all histologic subtypes, except small cell, and who have an ECOG performance status of 0 or 1. Bevacizumab is approved at a dose of 15 mg/kg for treatment until disease progression, unacceptable toxicity or complete response.
MB	Funded	Nov 16, 2015	For the treatment of patients with: - Metastatic, persistent or recurrent cervical carcinoma AND - An Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group performance status of 0 or 1 AND - Adequate renal, hepatic and bone marrow function.

PROVINCE	STATUS	FUNDING DATE	FUNDING CRITERIA
ON	Funded	Jan 11, 2016	In combination with chemotherapy for the treatment of patients with metastatic (Stage IVB), persistent, or recurrent carcinoma of the cervix of all histologic subtypes (except small cell); AND <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Patient has ECOG \leq 1 • Dosing Regimen: 15mg/kg of body weight given once every 3 weeks as an intravenous infusion Notes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • On a time limited basis (6 months), o Patients who initiated first line chemotherapy prior to January 11, 2016 and whose disease has not progressed will have the option of adding bevacizumab. Patients who have achieved a clinically meaningful response on a first line chemotherapy regimen will have the option of adding bevacizumab when continuation of the same first line regimen is considered clinically appropriate • To be eligible for funding, patients must be able to start bevacizumab in combination with chemotherapy. • Funding will continue until disease progression.
NS	Funded	Feb 1, 2016	In combination with chemotherapy for patients with metastatic (stage IVB), persistent or recurrent carcinoma of the cervix of all histologic subtypes (except small cell) and good performance status. Retreatment with bevacizumab plus chemotherapy may be offered to patients who have achieved a complete response (with previous bevacizumab and chemotherapy) and off treatment for at least 6 months.
NB	Funded	Dec 15, 2016	In combination with platinum and paclitaxel chemotherapy for the treatment of patients with metastatic (stage IVB), persistent, or recurrent carcinoma of the cervix of all histologic subtypes (except small cell) and an ECOG performance status of 0 to 1. Retreatment with bevacizumab plus platinum and paclitaxel may be offered to patients following a complete response and a treatment-free period of at least 6 months. The funded dose is bevacizumab 15 mg/kg intravenously every 3 weeks until disease progression, unacceptable toxicity, or complete response, whichever occurs first.
NL	Funded	Nov 5, 2015	In combination with chemotherapy for the treatment of patients with metastatic (Stage IVB), persistent, or recurrent carcinoma of the cervix of all histologic subtypes (except small cell) with an ECOG performance status \leq 1

PROVINCE	STATUS	FUNDING DATE	FUNDING CRITERIA
PEI	Funded	Aug 1, 2018	In combination with chemotherapy for the treatment of patients with metastatic (stage IVB), persistent, or recurrent carcinoma of the cervix of all histologic subtypes (except small cell) and an ECOG performance status of 0 to 1. Retreatment with bevacizumab plus platinum and paclitaxel may be offered to patients following a complete response and a treatment-free period of at least 6 months. The funded dose is bevacizumab 15 mg/kg intravenously every 3 weeks until disease progression, unacceptable toxicity, or complete response, whichever occurs first.